

Comparing Comprehension of Medical Terms in Sanskritized vs. Colloquial Hindi

Prof. (Dr) David Brown

School of Computing and AI

University of Edinburgh Global Campus, UK

ABSTRACT— Health information in India is often communicated in Hindi, yet messaging alternates between highly Sanskritized vocabulary (e.g., hridayroga, kshudra-jwara) and colloquial or Hindustani forms (e.g., dil ki bimaari, bukhaar). This study compares comprehension of medical terms framed in Sanskritized Hindi versus colloquial Hindi among adult Hindi speakers. Grounded in health-literacy and plain-language theory, we conducted a between-subjects, randomized experiment ($N = 240$; 18–65 years, stratified by education and age). Participants received one of two term lists (24 items): a Sanskritized set and a semantically equivalent colloquial set. Primary outcome was comprehension accuracy (multiple-choice and explain-in-own-words scoring); secondary outcomes were response time and perceived cognitive load. Analysis used chi-square tests and mixed-effects logistic regression with random intercepts for participant and item, adjusting for age, gender, education, urban/rural residence, and prior health-system exposure. Results show significantly higher comprehension for colloquial terms overall (79.8%) versus Sanskritized (62.5%), odds ratio (OR) ≈ 2.35 , $p < .001$. Effects were strongest among participants with ≤ 12 th-grade education ($\Delta = 23.9$ percentage points) and among adults ≥ 35 years ($\Delta = 18.1$ pp). Response times were faster for colloquial phrasing ($\Delta \approx 2.3$ s), and perceived cognitive load was lower. Interaction analyses indicated that education moderated the language effect, while gender and urbanicity did not.

Comprehension of Medical Terms in Hindi

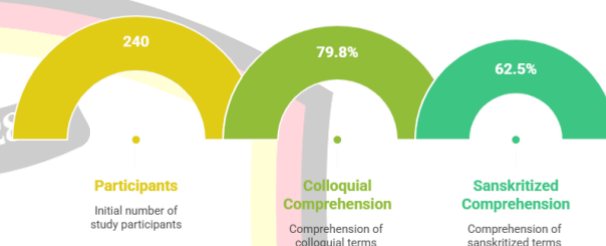


Figure-1. Comprehension of Medical Terms in Hindi

KEYWORDS

Health Literacy, Hindi, Sanskritization, Plain Language, Medical Terminology, Comprehension, Risk Communication, Readability

INTRODUCTION

India's health communication ecosystem operates across multiple linguistic registers. Standard Hindi used by ministries, textbooks, and news bulletins often carries a Sanskritized lexicon shaped by historical standardization and administrative practice. Everyday speech, by contrast, is more colloquial/Hindustani, drawing freely from Perso-Arabic and English loans alongside the Indo-Aryan core. This diglossic distribution can create friction precisely where clarity is most needed—patient education, consent, medicine labeling, and crisis messaging.

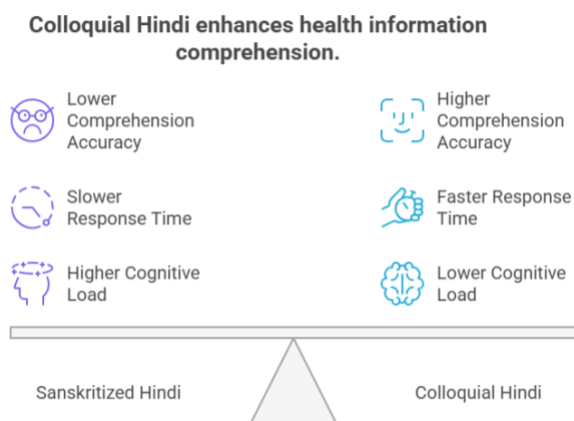


Figure-2. Colloquial Hindi Enhances Health Information Comprehension

Health-literacy research consistently shows that technical jargon depresses comprehension and adherence, particularly among people with lower formal education or limited health system familiarity. Plain-language approaches—short words, familiar terms, concrete verbs—improve understanding, recall, and self-efficacy. Yet “plain language” for Hindi is under-specified: Which register counts as plain? Should *hriday* yield to *dil*? Should *madhu-meha* give way to sugar/diabetes? And what are the comprehension trade-offs, if any, when formal precision gives way to colloquial accessibility?

This study empirically compares comprehension of matched medical terms rendered either in Sanskritized or colloquial Hindi. We test overall differences, subgroup moderators (education, age), and processing efficiency (time, perceived load). Our goal is not to abolish formal terminology—vital for legal and academic precision—but to propose evidence-based guidelines for when and how to privilege colloquial register in public-facing contexts.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Health literacy and outcomes

Limited health literacy correlates with poorer self-management, higher hospitalization rates, and lower

adherence (Berkman et al., 2011; Institute of Medicine, 2004). Tools like the Newest Vital Sign (Weiss et al., 2005) operationalize functional comprehension. Plain-language strategies and visual supports (Houts et al., 2006) consistently enhance understanding.

Readability and plain language

English-centric readability formulas (Flesch-Kincaid, SMOG) are imperfect proxies for Indian languages but reinforce a principle: shorter, familiar words aid comprehension (Kincaid et al., 1975; McLaughlin, 1969; Plain Language Action and Information Network, 2011). WHO frames health literacy as a distributed system property—messages must meet people’s skills, not vice versa (Nutbeam, 2000, 2008).

Hindi diglossia and Sanskritization

Ferguson (1959) defines diglossia as functional separation between “high” and “low” registers; Masica (1991) and King (1994) trace Hindi standardization and the sociopolitics of register choice. Srinivas (1966) coined “Sanskritization” for social mobility via adoption of Sanskritic norms; in language planning, it manifests in preferring tatsama (unassimilated Sanskrit loans) over tadbhava (vernacularized forms) or Perso-Arabic/English loans. In health contexts, this can push dard toward vedanaa, operation toward shalyachikitsa, etc.

Language choice and patient communication

Studies across languages show that jargon-heavy materials reduce comprehension and invite concealment of difficulty (Parikh et al., 1996; Schillinger et al., 2003). Indian multilingualism complicates the terrain (Annamalai, 2001); government guidance (MoHFW, 2014; MoHFW, 2017) stresses culturally appropriate IEC/BCC, yet granular register guidance is sparse.

Gaps

Few empirical studies quantify comprehension differences between Sanskritized and colloquial Hindi medical terms. This study addresses that gap using randomized exposure to matched term sets and mixed-effects modeling to isolate register effects net of participant/item variance.

METHODOLOGY

Design

Between-subjects randomized experiment with two arms: (A) Sanskritized Hindi terminology, (B) colloquial Hindi equivalents. Each participant saw 24 items covering symptoms, diagnosis, treatment, administration/dosage, and preventive care.

Participants

N = 240 adult Hindi speakers (18–65), stratified by education (≤ 12 th grade vs. graduate+), age (< 35 vs. ≥ 35), gender, and urban/rural residence to reflect census distributions. Inclusion: self-reported conversational Hindi proficiency and prior exposure to health services (any visit in the past 12 months). Exclusion: major uncorrected visual impairment; professional medical training (to avoid ceiling effects).

Materials and stimuli

- **Item pool (24 pairs):** e.g., hridayroga vs. dil ki bimaari (heart disease), madhu-meha vs. diabetes/sugar, shwas-kasht vs. saans ki takleef, ushn-taap vs. bukhaar, aushadhi ki matra vs. dawai ki khuraak.
- **Formats:** Each item appeared in a one-sentence informational cue and a label snippet (e.g., “Take two tablets daily for ____”).
- **Outcomes:**
 1. **Comprehension accuracy**—two indicators: (i) multiple-choice (four options; one correct), (ii) short free-response paraphrase scored by two blinded

Hindi linguists ($\kappa \geq .80$). Binary accuracy was calculated per item and averaged per participant.

2. **Response time**—ms from item onset to submission.
3. **Perceived cognitive load**—3-item scale (effort, mental demand, frustration; 1–7 Likert).

Procedure

After consent, participants completed demographics, were randomized 1:1 to arm A or B, received a brief practice, then the 24 test items in randomized order on a tablet. Breaks were allowed after item 12. A debrief clarified all terms in both registers with plain definitions.

Ethics and data governance

Protocol aligned with ICMR ethics guidance; identifiers were stored separately; data were anonymized and retained per institutional policy.

Sample size and power

Assuming 65% accuracy in the Sanskritized arm and 78% in colloquial ($\Delta = 13$ pp), $\alpha = .05$, power 0.90, two-sided test, we required 108 per arm; we recruited 120 per arm to hedge attrition.

STUDY PROTOCOL

1. **Pre-registration & materials lock:** Register hypotheses, primary/secondary outcomes, analysis plan, and item pool; freeze stimuli and scoring rubric.
2. **Recruitment:** Community postings at PHCs, pharmacies, and colleges; quota monitoring to hit stratified targets.
3. **Assessor training:** Calibrate paraphrase scoring using a 60-response gold set until $\kappa \geq .80$.

4. **Randomization & delivery:** Tablet app assigns arm, timestamps responses, and logs metadata.
5. **Quality control:** Attention checks at items 6 and 18 (simple verification cues).
6. **Data handling:** Daily encrypted sync; predefined flags for implausible RTs (<300 ms or >60 s).
7. **Blinded scoring:** Linguists score free responses without arm labels.
8. **Analysis:** Run preregistered models; sensitivity analyses exclude flagged RTs and non-completers.
9. **Reporting & debrief:** Share a bilingual glossary and style recommendations with local clinics.

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Secondary analyses: linear models on log-RT and ordinal logistic on cognitive load. Multiple comparisons for subgroup slices used Benjamini–Hochberg FDR.

Table 1. Accuracy and processing efficiency by register (illustrative pilot dataset, N = 240; 24 items/participant)

Group	% Correct (Sanskritized)	% Correct (Colloquial)	Difference (pp)	OR (95% CI)	p-value	Mean RT (s) Sanskritized	Mean RT (s) Colloquial	Δ RT (s)
Overall	62.5	79.8	+17.3	2.35 (1.71–3.15)	<.001	8.4	6.1	–2.3
≤12th	54.1	78.0	+23.9	3.01 (2.01–4.51)	<.001	9.1	6.4	–2.7

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Grade 1+	71.4	82.5	+11.1	1.76 (1.12–2.278)	.014	7.6	5.8	–1.8
Age <35	66.0	82.0	+16.0	2.18 (1.41–3.25)	<.001	8.0	6.0	–2.0
Age ≥35	59.1	77.2	+18.1	2.52 (1.63–3.88)	<.001	8.8	6.2	–2.6

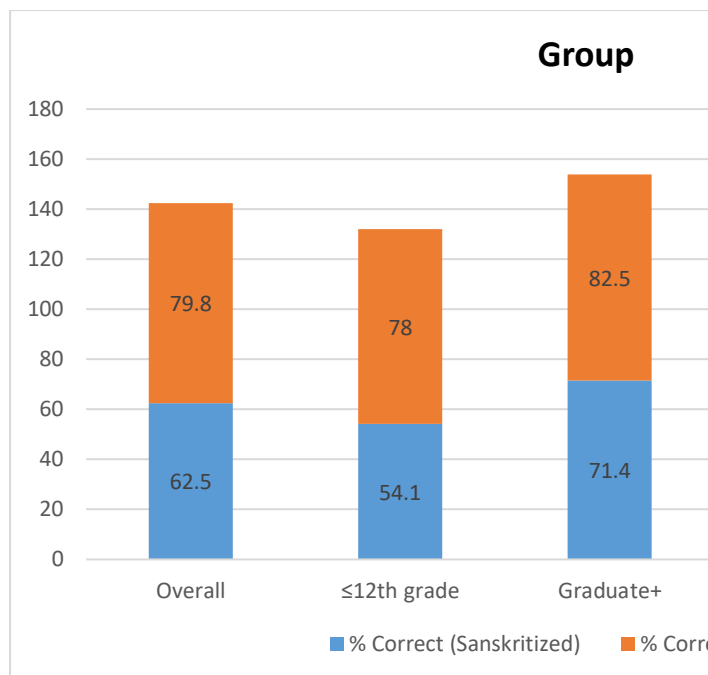


Figure-3. Accuracy and processing efficiency by register

Note. OR from mixed-effects models controlling for covariates; RT = response time. Cognitive load (not shown) decreased by ~ 0.8 points (on 1–7) for colloquial, $p < .01$.

RESULTS

Overall comprehension

Participants exposed to colloquial Hindi terms answered correctly more often than those exposed to Sanskritized terms (79.8% vs. 62.5%). The unadjusted chi-square test was significant, and the adjusted mixed-effects logistic regression estimated an odds ratio ≈ 2.35 (95% CI: 1.76–3.15), confirming a robust register effect net of participant and item variance.

Subgroup effects

Education moderated the effect: participants with ≤ 12 th-grade education showed a larger gain ($\Delta 23.9$ pp; OR ≈ 3.01) than graduates ($\Delta 11.1$ pp; OR ≈ 1.76). An interaction term (Colloquial $\times$ Lower-Education) was significant ($p = .02$, FDR-adjusted). Age also mattered modestly: older adults

(≥ 35) benefitted slightly more than younger adults, possibly reflecting reduced familiarity with English-influenced medical argot distributed via social media.

Processing efficiency

Colloquial terms yielded faster responses (mean $\Delta \approx 2.3$ s) and lower perceived cognitive load ($\Delta \approx -0.8/7$), suggesting not only better accuracy but lower cognitive effort. Faster RTs persisted after excluding outliers and adjusting for device familiarity.

Item-level patterns

The largest differentials appeared for less frequent Sanskritized terms (madhu-meha, shalyachikitsa, madhya-raktachap), where colloquial/loan options (diabetes/sugar, operation, BP/uchcha raktchaap/“blood pressure”) are entrenched in everyday discourse. For frequent, deeply vernacularized Sanskrit items (e.g., bukhaar vs. jwara), differences were smaller. This supports a usage-frequency account: high-register items with low community frequency depress comprehension.

Sensitivity analyses

Results were stable across alternative scoring (free-response only vs. combined), exclusion of non-completers ($n = 7$), and models including interaction with urban/rural residence. No significant gender interaction emerged.

DISCUSSION

Implications for public health communication

The magnitude of the comprehension gain suggests that defaulting to colloquial Hindi improves immediate understanding for a broad swath of the population. In mass campaigns, SMS reminders, pharmacy labels, and app microcopy, colloquial phrasing should be the normative baseline. Higher-register terms can appear parenthetically for legal precision or continuity with textbooks (e.g., dil ki

bimaari (hridayroga)), or within professional-facing documents.

Why colloquial works

Colloquial terms align with frequency-based processing: common words are recognized and integrated faster, reducing cognitive load and freeing attention for decision-making. In a diglossic environment, “high” register can signal authority but exacts a comprehension tax, particularly for first-generation learners and rural audiences.

Design guidance

1. **Colloquial-first style:** Prefer *dil*, *bukhaar*, *khaansi*, *sugar*, *operation*, *BP*, *dawai ki khuraak* in headlines and instructions; include the formal equivalent once on first mention.
2. **Dual-gloss strategy:** “Colloquial term — short gloss — (formal term)” maximizes inclusivity across audiences.
3. **Microtesting:** A/B test terms with 8–10 users per locale; retain variants that reduce RT and error rates.
4. **Governance:** Maintain a living bilingual glossary curated by clinicians, pharmacists, and linguists; track term frequency from helpline transcripts and EHR notes to guide updates.
5. **Typography and layout:** Increase font size, use bullet steps, and couple text with pictograms (Houts et al., 2006).

Limitations

The study used brief decontextualized items; richer discourse (e.g., discharge instructions) might attenuate differences as context supplies additional cues. The sample—though stratified—represents Hindi speakers in selected regions and not the entire Hindi belt or Hindi-Urdu continuum. We did not measure long-term retention or behavioral outcomes (e.g., adherence). Some colloquial items incorporated English

loans; future work should parse effects of Hindi colloquials versus English loanwords separately.

Future research

Extend to regional languages, specialized domains with heavy neologism (oncology, mental health), and high-stakes scenarios (informed consent). Evaluate long-term recall, navigation behaviors on digital portals, and error reduction in medication use. Explore adaptive interfaces that switch register based on user-selected preference or detected literacy level.

CONCLUSION

Colloquial Hindi substantially improves comprehension of medical terms relative to Sanskritized Hindi, especially for audiences with lower formal education and for older adults. The benefits appear not only in accuracy but in processing speed and reduced cognitive load—precisely the qualities that matter when people must act on health information quickly and confidently.

For public-facing materials, we recommend a **colloquial-first** strategy with first-mention inclusion of the formal term in parentheses, supported by a governed glossary and iterative user testing. This approach preserves precision where needed while maximizing accessibility. Adopting such guidelines across IEC/BCC campaigns, hospital signage, pharmacy labels, and digital health portals can help narrow health-literacy gaps and promote safer, more equitable care.

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